KOTYUKHIN, A.

Difficulties encountered in deciphering radar returns in the Arctic.

Mor.flot 19 no.8:37 Ag '59. (MIRA 12:11)

1. Starshiy inzhener gruppy Gidrograficheskogo predpriyatiya Glav-sevmorputi.

(Arctic regions-Radar in navigation)

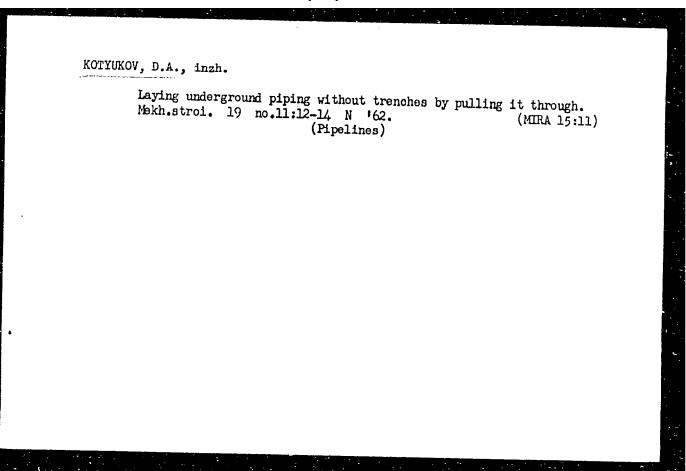
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KOTYUKOV, A. YE.

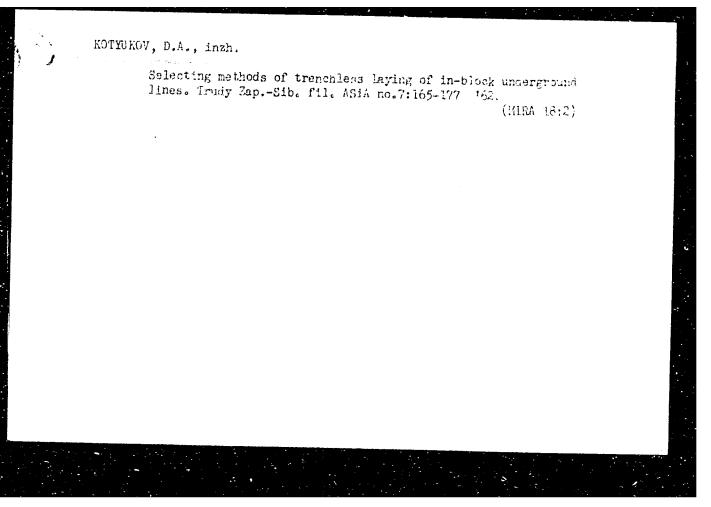
Oak

Results of analyzing varieties of oak (Quercus robur L.) according to a phenological criterion. Trudy Inst. lesa 8 '51.

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, September 1952. UNCLASSIFIED.



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000825420013-6



KOTYUKOV I.A. kand. tekhn. nauk

Form of box curves of switch assemblies used for high traffic speeds. Vest. TSNII MPS 18 no.4:30-35 Je '59.

(MIRA 12:10)

1. Novosibirskiy institut inzhenerov zheleznodorozhnogo transporta. (Railroads--Curves and turnouts) (Railroads--Switches)

DANOVSKIY, L.M., kand.tekhn.nauk; KOTYUKOV, I.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; KONDAKOV, N.P., kand.tekhn.nauk; SHATALIN, I.I., kand.tekhn.nauk; GROMOV, L.K., kand.tekhn.nauk; PZCHUGIN, D.A., dots.; MIROSHIN, P.V., dots.; SHCHEPOTIN, K.I., assistent (Nevosibirsk)

New textbook on tracks ("Tracks" by G.Al'brekht and others.
Reviewed by L.M.Dancvskii and others). Put' put.khoz.
4 no.4:45-47 Ap '60. (MIRA 13:7)

1. Sotrudniki kafedry "Put' i putevoye khozyaystvo"
Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta inzhenerov.
(Railroads--Track) (Al'brekht, G.) (Liders, G.V.)
(Nikiforov, P.A.) (Chlenov, M.T.) (Chernyshev, M.A.)

DANOVSKIY, Leonid Mechislavovich, dots., kand. tekhn. nsuk; GROMOV,
L.K., kand. tekhn. nsuk, dotsent; ANTONOV, Yu.A., dots.; MIL'CHAKOV,
K.V., insh.; KOYYUKOV, I.A., kand. tekhn. nsuk, dotsent; CHASHCHIN,
N.P., insh.; MIROSHIN, P.V., dotsent; INOZEMTSEV, A.A., insh.; FE—
CHUGIN. D.A., dotsent; KOVALEV, N.F., insh.; SINKIN, P.A., insh.;
POTOTSKIY, G.I., insh., red.; USENKO; L.A., tekhn. red.

[Track work in sections with beavy freight traffic; from the experience of the Omsk and Tomsk Railroads] Putevye rabbty na gruzonapriazhennykh uchastkakh; iz opyta Omskoi i Tomskoi dorog. Moskva, Vses. izdatel'sko-poligr. ob*edinenie M-va putei soobshcheniia, 1961. 102 p. (MIRA 14:7) (Railroads—Maintenance and repair) (Railroads—Freight)

KOTYUKOV, I.A., kand.tekhn.nauk Increasing the traffic speed on existing switch types. Vest.TSNIMPS 21 no.7:48-52 '62. (MIRA 15:12)

(Railroads-Switches)

(MIRA 15:12)

NOTYUKOV, I.A., dotsent, kand.tekhn.nauk

Differentiated norms of labor expenditure for the current maintenance of switches. Trudy NIIZM no.31:32-43 '62. (MIRA 16:9)

(Railroads—Switches) (Railroads—Management)

BULANOV, N.G.; OBOROTISTOV, A.L.; KOTYUKOV, I.A.

Excellent maintenance of switches. Put' i put. khoz. 8 no.1: 9-12 '64. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Altayskaya distantsiya puti Zapadno-Sibirskoy dorogi.

ACCESSION NR: AP40117223

\$/0055/64/000/001/0060/0064

MUTHOR: Kotyukov, V. G.

TITLE: Nonlinear flutter of plates

SCURCE: Moscow. Universitet. Vestnik. Seriye 1. Matematika, mekhanika, no. 1, 1964, 60-64

TOPIC TAGS: flutter, nonlinear flutter, supersonic gas flow, stability, small parameter, Galerkin method, nonlinear differential equations, periodic solution, gas flow

ARSTRACT: The author investigates nonlinear flutter in a rectangular plate supported on the contour, with sides a and b, in supersonic gas flow directed along the side a. The aerodynamic pressure of the gas on the plate is computed by an approximate cuasistationary formula due to A. A. Il'yushin (Zakon ploskikh secheniy pri bol'shikh sverkhzvukovy*kh skorostvakh. Phi', XX, vy*p. 6, 1956.). The formulation of the problem, the method of solution, and the notation are taken from V. V. Polotin (Nelineyny*y flatter plastin i obolochek. "Inzhenerny*y sbornik ", 28, 1960.). A three-term representation is assumed for the deflection. By Galerkin's method, the problem is reduced to the investigation of a system of three nonlinear differential equations. The amplitudes and frequencies of steady-state flutter

Card 1/3

ACCESSION NR: AP4011722

vibrations are determined to a first approximation by the small parameter method. Let A be the amplitude of the steady-state oscillations and let P_1 be the first correction on the frequency. Let V be the dimensionless parameter of velocity, and V_* the critical value of the linearized system corresponding to the nonlinear system mentioned above; k is one of the constants occurring in this system. Then

$$A = A_0 \sqrt{(\mathbf{v} - \mathbf{v}_{\bullet}) k}$$

•

and

$$P_1 = P_0 (v - v_*) k,$$

(2)

where h is a constant multiplier in the three-term expansion.

<u>a</u> h	300	150	100	75
A _o ^t	0,5049	0,5315	_	
A ¹¹	0,2766	0,2798	0,5505	

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ACCESSION NR: AP4011722:

Here $A_0^{\rm I}$ denotes A_0 in the case of freely displaced edges, and $A_0^{\rm II}$ denotes A_0 in the case of nondisplaced edges. The stability of the obtained stationary solution is proved also by the small parameter method. Orig. art. has: 10 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy universitet, Kafedra teorii uprugosti (Moscow University, Department of Elasticity Theory)

SUBLITTED: 29Jun63

DATE ACQ: 1/Feb64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: PH

NO REF SOV: 004

OTHER: 000

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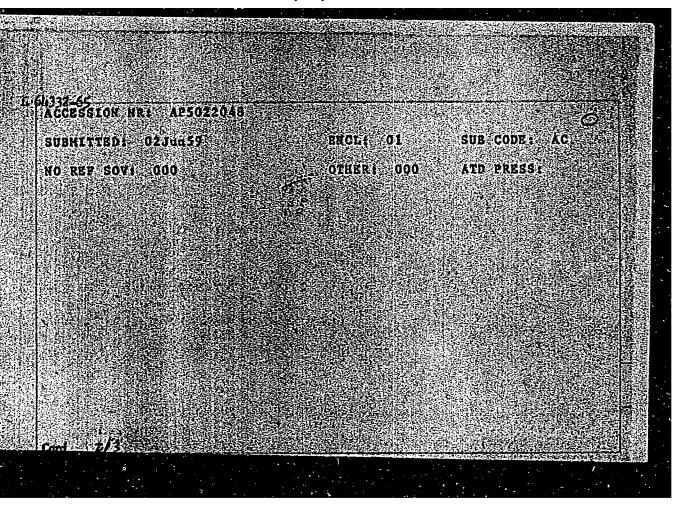
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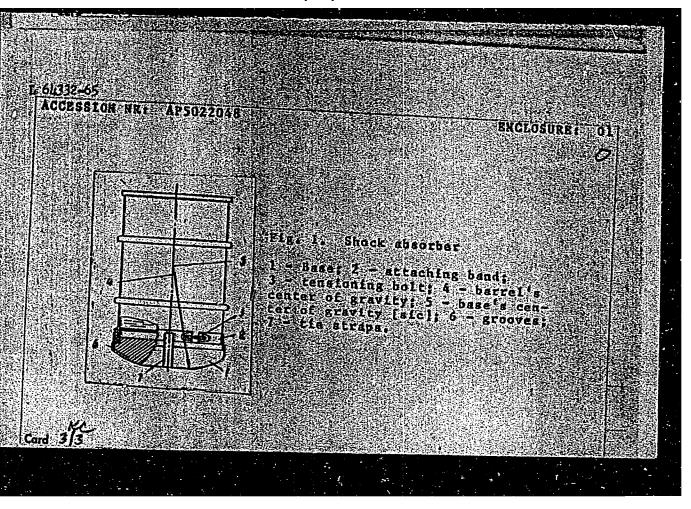
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	AP5022048	UR/0286/65/000/014/0116 629.13.01/06	/0116/ ₆
AUTHORS TEA	chev, F, D, Pichugin,	A. A. K. Miliayav, Ye. H. J. Kob	
TITLE: Shac	k absorber for parachu	Edd Loads. Class 62, No. 17	3127
SOURCE: Byt	Lieten' Ezobreteniy i	tovernykh znekov, no. 14, 19	65. 116.
	air drop shock absorb		
the load at a base made of the botton ment with a late of the botton the late of the late	fround impact, the shoot wood or some other a part of the load. The can be seen a constant of the can be seen a constant of the can be seen as a constant of the constant of	se been lesued for a shock at barrels or vessels). To put absorber is made in the facultar material attached by the base is a shaped spherical attoched by the base is a shaped spherical attoched base is spherical attoched by the base is spherical a	otect of the control
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KHLYSTOV, A.S.; KOTYUKOV, Yu.N.

Ferromagnetic resonance in ferrite. Izv. vys. ucheb.zav.; Fiz. no.1:86-89 '58. (MIRA 11:6)

1.Sibirskiy fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut pri Tomskom gosuniversitete imeni v.v. Kuybysheva. (Ferrite-Magnetic properties)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000825420013-6"

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FHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION GOVARGE Farstor I fischeskis osnovan ich primenentys. 3d, Minsk. 1959 Filty fizicheskiye i fiziko-khimicheskiye svoystvan Filty fizicheskiye i fiziko-khimicheskiye svoystva. Bokhady (Ferrites Fhysicochemical Properties. Reports) 6,000 copies printed. 655 p. Errata slip inserted.	Solitor A Mass. Sirota, Acadesician of the Balow, Frofessor; R. J. Kondor. F. Frofessor; R. V. Falsanin, Fro- es; R. M. Seolyarenko, and falsanin, fron- fill House; S. Kholyavskiy; Tech, physicists, physical chemists, fron- same transfer of the mysical in falsaning legical in fourses in radio electronics,	in Minsk, palorysalan 311- rites, studies afectical and sala in the chemical and physical nucles of certies having rites, problems in sagnetic systems rity, problems in magnetic systems rity, problems in magnetic systems rical circults, aniorotopy rical circults, aniorotopy of certification on Magnetic chemical organized the con- riteral organized the con- riteral organized the con-	SOV/A893 alt Ferrite in an Internal O. V. Skrotskiy. The nee on the Optical Magnetic Spine. Magnetic Spin. Alkali and Ferro- S. The Error or	According Signature Signature Sub-Kudryavtsev.	
PHASE I BDOK EXPLOITATION Torritor acovenhanty po fiziko, fiziko-krimichaskim avoyat farritor i fizicheskim canovam luk primenenty. 3d, Minsk, 1 Ferritor fixicheskim fiziko-knimicheskim 3d, Minsk, 1 Minsk, Indruo AM BESS, 1960. 655 p. Errato avoyatva, Doklady klask, Tadrvo AM BESS, 1960. 655 p. Errato and property Josephim Agencies: Rauchnyy sovet po magnetizmu AM SSSN OFF	Editorial Board: A possible to the second of the second of the second of Sciences Balls; W. Balls, Professor; Ke. I follow the second of the s	The reports desi with Wagnelic transformations of services and of ferrites and of ferrites, studies electrical and cofferates at the services and properties of ferrites, studies of the grouth contained and properties of ferrites, studies of the grouth contained and properties of services, studies of circles had physically appleared to form the studies of circles had not attraction, but a sontained as and multicompount ferrites had not services and services of services of services and properties are greated by the services of services of services of services of services of services and services of services of services of services and services of services and services of services of services of services are contained to services. Neferences accompany individual articles,	Pertites (Cont.) Perkalina, T. M., and A. A. Askochenskiy, Investigation of Field of Anisotropy and A. A. Askochenskiy, Investigation of Field of Anisotropy and O. V. Strotskiy. Internal Zypanov, P. 3. T. G. Izymova, and O. V. Strotskiy. The Properties of Flectronic Raginatic Resonance on the Optical Izymov, N. A., and O. V. Strotskiy. Magnetic Dislectrics Masonance on the Optical Izymov, N. A., and O. V. Strotskiy. Magnetic Spin Masonance in Conduction Electrons in Alkali and Perro-Giller Magnetic Ratals	Absorption in Mickel Perpits Onabchina, 2. M., V. A. Perpits Onabchina, 2. M., V. A. Perpits Tempertury Graracteristics of Perrits Components in Sign Card 15.63 Card 15.63	

24,7900 (1055, 1144, 1163)

30517 \$/194/61/000/008/076/092 D201/D304

AUTHORS:

Kotyukov, Yu.N. and Burnysheva, A.N.

TITLE:

The effect of anisotropic elastic stresses on the ferromagnetic resonance absorption in nickel ferrite

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal. Avtomatika i radioelektronika, no. 8, 1961, 53, abstract 8 I340 (V sb. Ferrity. Fiz. i fiz.-khim svoystva, Minsk, AN BSSR, 1960, 519-521)

TEXT: The quantitative experimental investigation into the effect of elastic stresses and on the ferromagnetic resonance in polycrystalline cylindrical samples of nickel ferrite was carried out by measuring the SHF power at a frequency of 9000 mc/s, transmitted through a section of a rectangular wave containing the ferrite sample. The ferrite sample could be compressed along the cylinder axis by a lever device. The magnitudes of external constant magnetic field required for resonance at different pressures were measured. The relationship between these quantities was obtained linear within

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The effect of anisotropic...

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the error limits. An increase in the width of the ferromagnetic resonance line was observed with increasing pressure, an effect consistent with the general representation of the nature of the resonance line in polycrystalline materials. A method is suggested, based on the experimental results, of measuring the magnetostrictive constant λ of ferrites using standard SHF equipment. It is assumed that such a method would make it possible to measure easily the magnitudes of λ of the order of 10-7. 10 references. Abstracter's note: Complete translation

Card 2/2

S/139/60/000/004/012/033 E032/E514

9.257/ 1144

Kotyukov, Yu.N. and Burnysheva, A.N.

AUTHORS:

The Effect of Anisotropic Elastic Stresses on the Ferromagnetic Resonance in Polycrystalline Ferrites

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy, Fizika,

1960, No.4, pp.126-130

Macdonald (Refs.1-3) and Grifiths (Ref.4) have studied TEXT: the effect of elastic stresses on ferromagnetic resonance. These workers used thin ferromagnetic films and the theoretical dependence of the resonance frequency on the stresses in order to determine the g factor from experimental data obtained for films of different thickness. The disadvantage of this method is that in the case of thin films, the stresses depend on a number of different parameters and cannot be determined with sufficient accuracy. In particular, the magnetostriction constant calculated from the experimental data obtained by Grifiths (Ref.4) for nickel differs from the accepted It follows that it is desirable to carry value by a factor of 2. out experiments in which the stresses can be reliably measured. Such experiments have been carried out by the present authors and are now reported. Cylindrical specimens of polycrystalline nickel Card 1/3

S/139/60/000/004/012/033 E032/E514

The Effect of Anisotropic Elastic Stresses on the Ferromagnetic Resonance in Polycrystalline Ferrites

ferrite were employed. The saturation magnetization for this material is 41%M = 3000 gauss. The measurements were carried out at a frequency of 9000 Mc/s. A block diagram of the apparatus employed is shown in Fig.1. The high-frequency signal generated by a klystron was passed through a short rectangular waveguide containing the ferrite specimen and then fed into the detector block. The output of the latter was recorded by an automatic pen recorder of type PS-01. The current through the magnet is automatically varied and is recorded by another pen recorder. The specimen was 3 mm in diameter and 7.5 mm long and was placed at the centre of the rectangular waveguide (TE₁₀ wave). Fig. 2 gives a sectional drawing through the waveguide, showing the ferrite rod 1 and ceramic plate 2. These plates serve to prevent plastic deformations in the waveguide walls. The cylindrical specimen was subjected to different stresses along its axis (the point of application of the external force F is shown in Fig.2), the external magnetic field being in the same direction. The results obtained are summarized in Figs. 3 and 4. Two specimens were used. Specimen 1 was cooled from 900°C to room temperature at Card 2/3

83355 S/139/60/000/004/012/033

The Effect of Anisotropic Elastic Stresses on the Ferromagnetic Resonance in Polycrystalline Ferrites

the rate of 1°C/min and specimen 2 was heated to 900°C, kept at that temperature for 4 hours and then removed from the furnace and cooled in air at room temperature for 5 min. Fig. 3 shows the dependence of the resonance field δH (Oe) on the magnitude of the applied stress σ (kg/mm $^2). Fig.4 shows the dependence of the saturation magneto$ striction constant λ_s on the elastic stresses. The δH versus σ curves were found to be linear up to about $\sigma = 5$ kg/mm². Above this value departures from linearity were observed, the slope of the curve decreasing with σ . The value of λ for specimen 1 at zero stress was found to be 26 x 10⁻⁰, which is in agreement with the value reported by Gorter (Ref.5). It was found that the width of the ferromagnetic-resonance curve ΔH increases with the applied stress. However, a quantitative estimate could not be made. There are 4 figures and 5 English references.

ASSOCIATION: Sibirskiy fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut pri Tomskom gosuniversitete imeni V.V. Kuybysheva (Siberian

Physico-Technical Institute at Tomsk State University Card 3/3

imeni V. V. Kuybyshev) August 10, 1959

SUBMITTED:

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

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9.2571

S/139/60/000/004/021/033 E032/E514

AUTHORS:

Kotyukov, Yu. N. and Smokotin, E.M.

TITLE:

Measurement of the Width of the Ferromagnetic

Resonance Absorption Line in Polycrystalline Ferrites

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy, Fizika,

1960, No.4, pp. 173-177

TEXT: This is a continuation of the work reported on p.126 of the present journal (this issue). The apparatus employed was essentially identical with that described by Whit et al. (Ref.3). Measurements were carried out on 4000, 2880 and 2150 Mc/s. Spherical specimens prepared by the Bond method (Ref.5) from polycrystalline magnesium-chromium ferrite were used. Fig.2 shows the dependence of the line width Δ H on the specimen diameter obtained on 2880 Mc/s. The behaviour of Δ H as a function of diameter is in agreement with the results reported by Jager et al. (Ref.1). The magnitude of Δ H for spheres having large diameters, e.g. 2.62 mm, is greater by about 35 to 40% than for small diameter, e.g. 1.6 to 1.7 mm. This is largely due to field nonuniformity, which becomes more noticeable for larger specimen

Card 1/3

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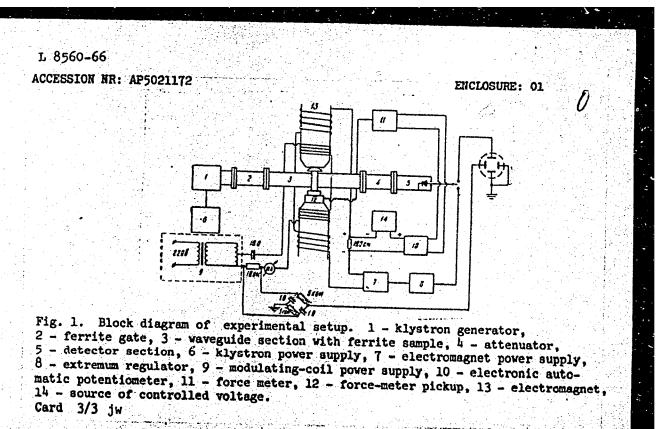
Measurement of the Width of the Ferromagnetic Resonance Absorption Line in Polycrystalline Ferrites

diameters. It follows that ΔH must be determined for different specimen diameters and the results obtained should be extrapolated to zero diameter. In order to elucidate the dependence of Δ H on the form of the specimen, ΔH was measured for discs prepared from magnesium-chromium ferrites having a saturation magnetization of 4% M = 600 gauss. The specimens were placed at the centre of the resonator with the disc parallel and perpendicular to the constant magnetic field. The results obtained are given in Table 1. Measurements carried out on discs show that small deviations from the spherical form of specimens do not lead to appreciable errors in Δ H, provided corrections are made in the usual way for demagnetizing effects, etc. Comparison of experimental data obtained for ferrite discs with the theoretical dependence of $\Delta \, { t H}$ on the form of the specimen shows that better agreement is obtained if the relaxation term given by Skrotskiy and Shmatov in Ref.7 is included. There are 2 figures, 1 table and 7 references: 2 Soviet and 5 English.

Card 2/3

L 8560-66 EWT(1) IJP(c) GG/WW ACCESSION NR: AP5021172 UR/0139/65/000/004/0082 AUTHOR: Kotyukov Experimental setup for the measurement of the constants of saturati netostriction of polycrystalline ferrites based on ferromagnetic resonance 21.44,56 Pizika, no. 4, 1965, 82-87 TOPIC TAGS: ferrite, magnetostriction, measurement apparatus, ferropolyorystal, magnetic reschance ABSTRACT: The apparatus described is based on earlier results by the author (Izv. vuzov SSSR, Fizika, No. 4, 175, 1960; Izmereniye konstanty magnitostriktsii nasyshcheniya polikristallicheskikh ferritov. Trudy IV Vsesoyusnogo soveshchaniya po ferritam, Minsk, 1963 (v pechati) [Measurement of the Constants of Saturation Magnetostriction of Polycrystalline ferrites. Papers of Fourth All-Union Conference on Ferrites, Kinsk, 1963 (in press)]), in which it was proposed to use the dependence of the resonant-field intensity on the external elastic stresses applied to the investigated ferrite sample to measure the magnetostriction constant. The present article describes automatic apparatus in which the variation of the resonant field can be recorded continuously on a potentioneter chart, for a continuously varied compression force applied to the ferrite. A block diagram of the experi-Cord 1/3

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mental setup is shown in F same operating principle a ment and of the electronic apparatus agree well with 5 figures and 3 formulas.	CLICULTRY Are described.	. The regults shietes	A with the
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IJP(c) GG/W

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AP5021173

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UR/0139/65/000/004/0088/0091

AUTHOR: Kotyukov, Yu. N.

TITLE: The effect of large anisotropic elastic stresses on the ferromagnetic resonance absorption in polycrystalline ferrites

SOURCE: IVUZ. Fizika, no. 4, 1965, 88-91

TOPIC TAGS: ferromagnetic resonance, resonance absorption, ferrite, pressure effect, elastic stress, polycrystal

ABSTRACT: The effect of uniform compression along a magnetizing field on the ferromagnetic resonance in polycrystalline ferrites is considered by introducing an effective magnetic field connected with the stresses. In polycrystalline samples this results in additional broadening of the ferromagnetic resonance line which is calculated for the cases of small and large stresses. Small stresses are considered as small perturbations; for large stresses one can neglect the magnetic dipole interaction and assume that the crystallites go through the resonance independently (the approximation of "independent crystallites"). An experimental investigation of the effect of compression along the magnetizing field on the ferromagnetic resonance in polycrystalline nickel ferrite was carried out. The artificially introduced porosity of the samples should have favored the approximation

Card 1/2

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ACCESSION NR: AP5021173

of "independent crystallites." The measurements showed that the compression leads to a considerable broadening which increases with the applied stress; the shape of the curve did not change appreciably and no additional peaks were observed. The maximum stress of 30 kg/mm² led to an effective field of about 780 Oc. The anisotropy of the effective magnetic field was clearly insufficient to satisfy the "independent crystallite" approximation well, and the crystallographic anisotropy made observation of the effect difficult. Orig. art. has: 8 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: Sibirskiy fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut imeni V. D. Kuznetsova (Siberian Physicotechnical Institute) 44,55

SUBMITTED: 29Dec63

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: 88

NR REF SOV: 002

OTHER: 008

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Card 2/2

L 6459-66 EWT(1)/EPF(c) IJP(c) WW/GG ACCESSION NR:

UR/0181/65/007/008/2339

AUTHOR: Petrakovski

TITLE: Effect of anisotropic stresses on the frequency spectrum of magnetostatic oscillations

SOURCE: Fizika tverdogo tela, v. 7, no. 8, 1965, 2339-2344

TOPIC TAGS: elastic stress, vibration spectrum, ferrite, magnetic resonance yttrium compound, magnetostriction" i "

ABSTRACT: The authors calculate the influence of isotropic elastic stresses on the spectrum of the frequencies of magnetostatic oscillations, by deriving equations for the resonance fields of magnetization oscillations in a ferrite spheroid subjected to unilateral uniform compression or tension. In addition, the dependence of the resonance fields of the simplest type on the compression stress was checked experimentally for an yttrium ferrite single crystal. A diagram of the test setup is shown in Fig. 1 of the Enclosure. The investigated sample was placed in a waveguide in the antinode of the magnetic microwave field at a distance approximately equal to the electromagnetic wavelength from the short-circuiting plunger. The power reflected from the waveguide section with the ferrite was measured with a waveguide bridge. The influence of the stresses on the resonance

Card 1/3

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L 6459-66

AP5019846 ACCESSION NR:

field were measured for three types of modes, (1, -1, 0), (2, -2, 0), and (3, -1, 1) at 9375 Mc at room temperature. The (3, -1, 1) mode was found to be most suitable for the measurements. The saturation magnetization of the ferrite was found to be 1773.0 gauss. In all cases the results of the measurements were in satisfactory agreement with the calculation made and the magnetostatic approximation. It is hoped that the investigated effects will be of use in measurement of the magnetostriction constants of ferrite single crystals. Orig. art. has: 3 figures and 10 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: Sibirskiy fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut im. V. D. Kuznetsove, Tomsk

(Siberian Physicotechnical Institute)

SUBMITTED: 15Feb65

SUB CODE: 88. EM

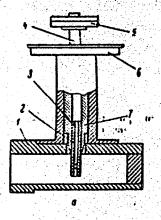
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CIA-RDP86-00513R000825420013-6" **APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000**

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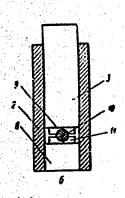


Fig. 1. Diagram of apparatus (a) and magnified sample-clamping device (b).

1 - Waveguide, 2 - ceramic tube, 3 - plunger, 4 - stem, 5 - weights, 6 - dial, 7 - brass tube, 8 - anvil, 9 - upper glass plate, 10 - ferrite sample, 11 - lower glass plate.

Card 3/3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000825420013-

KOTYUKOV, Yu.N.

Experimental setup for measuring the magnetostriction saturation constant in polycrystalline ferrites on the basis of ferromagnetic resonance. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; fiz. 8 no.4:82-87 165.

Effect of intense anisotropic elastic stresses on ferromagnetic resonance absorption in polycrystalline ferrites. Ibid.:88-91 (MIRA 18:12)

1. Sibirskiy fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut imeni V.D. Kuznetsova. Submitted December 29, 1963.

KOTYUKOVA, Ye. (Tula)

Work experience of Feldsher A.P. Ogorodnikova at the Petrushino
Medical Station, Aleksin District, Tula Province. E. Kotiukova. Fel'd.
i akush. no.11:51-54 N '55. (MLRA 9:2)
l. Kotyukova, Ye. (Tula)
(ALEKSIN DISTRICT-MEDICINE, RURAL)

Flowers and health. Zdorov'e 3 no.5:25 My '57. (MIRA 10:6)
(HYGIRME) (GARDENING)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000825420013-6

ACC NR AF6029006 SOURCE CODE: UR/0399/66/000/006/0064/0069 ANTHOR: Musabayov, I. K. (Doctor of modical sciences, Professor); Navskiy, M. V. (Candidate of modical sciences); Amountsumov, S. M. (Candidate of modical sciences); hálmaylovskaya, O. G.; Kotyuminskaya, N. A.; David'yan, A. O. CRG: Uzbok Scientific Research Institute for Epidemiology, Microbiology and Infectious Diseases/Director, Candidate of Medical Sciences K. Yu. Yusupov/, Tashkent (Unbokskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut epidemiologii, mikrobiologii i iniektsionnykh zabolevaniy) TIME: Clinical and opidomiological parallels in patients suffering from typhoid or paratyphoid troated with levemycotin in combination with vaccine SCURCE: Sovetskaya meditsina, no. 6, 1966, 64-69 TOPIC TAGS: bactorial disease, man, antibiotic, vaccine, clinical medicine ABSTRACT: Effects are compared from observations on 743 patients with typhoid and paratyphoid: 355 were treated with levemycotin and typho-paratyphus B divaccine (first group) and 388 only with levomycotin (second group). The patients were selected at random; 15 cases were mild, 628 moderate and 100 sorious. Over half of each group had been vaccinated against these infections in the last 2 years. In addition to the usual symptomatic thorapy, levemycetin was given until normal temperatures lasted for Card 1/2 UDC: 616.927+616.927.77-085.371-059:615.779.931

L 10042-67

ACC NR: AP6029006

0

10 days; the first group also received 9 subcutaneous vaccinal injections in increasing dosos. Tolorance was satisfactory. Studies of factors of non-specific immunity (propordin level and complement titer) showed a statistically valid higher and more sustained propordin level in the first group and loss decline of complement titer at the climax of the disease. Compared to the second group, the first group had a return to normal temperatures la times faster, subfebrile temperatures and complications were half as frequent, and relapses were 1/6 (1/9.5 for typhoid). For a study of the carrier state, epidemiologic observations were conducted once a month for no less than 1 year; in the first group, 2.1% were found chronic carriers of abdominal typhus, in the second 4.7%. It was concluded that combined treatment with antibiotics and subcutaneous vaccine is highly offective and gives nonspecific protection in typhoid fevor and paratyphoid. The propordin levels reflect the stage of the diseases, their severity, and the effectiveness of treatment. There were fewer relapses and fewer carriers. The treatment is recommended for typhoid fever. For paratyphoid A and B. botter means and methods are required, in particular possible application of the corresponding monovaccines. Orig. art. has: none.

SUB CODE: 06, SUBM DATE: none/ ORIG REF: 012

ACC NR. APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000825420013-

AUTIOR: Variamov, N. (Candidate of technical sciences, Engineer, Lieutenant colonel); Kotyurgin, F. (Candidate of military sciences, Docent, Colonel)

CRG: None

TITLE: Automated transport control system

SOURCE: Tyl i snabzheniyo sovetskikh vooruzhennykh sil, no. 6, 1966, 73-76

TOPIC TAGS: transportation system, armed force logistics

ABSTRACT: The modern methods of planning, organizing and controlling military transportation operations are described. The planning and implementation of various processes including the use of facilities and the movement of materiel are based on a careful examination of given data and prevalent conditions. The analysis of processes and the modeling of operations are carried out by using computing devices for solving mathematical problems involved in a given transportation system. An example of a system modeling is shown schematically in a diagram. The system includes five processes of which the first represents the enemy actions against the transportation network, facilities and vehicles. The second process covers the determination of the reliability of the transportation system in a given area, while the third deals with the analysis and selection of routes, networks, facilities, materials and other system components. The determination of route distances, vehicle speeds, time schedules, loading and unloading operations belongs to

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ACC NR. AP6028184

the fourth series of mathematical calculations. The method of mathematical statistics is also applied to the firth process of calculation including checking and correlating standard norms, time factors and other transportation parameters. It is stressed that the same system of units and conversion factors must be used for calculation and evaluation of transportation processes. The same criteria must also be used for selection of basic optimal data such as time limits, transport types, expenditures, etc. In general, various keyboard, punched—card and electronic computers are used for calculation. An intercommunication system is established for collecting and transmitting data as well as for an overall control of transportation operations. Orig. art. has: 1 diagram.

SUB CODE: 15/ SUEM DATE: None

O A KOTYURGINA and V N BATYGIN

"Investigation of the Compostitions of Ceramics with the Purpose of Obtaining Vacuum-tight Ceramics with Low Losses in the Centimeter Band" from Annotations of Works Co-pleted in 1955 at the State Union Sci. Res. Iust: M.n. of Radio Engineering Ind.

So: B-3,080,964

COTYURIN, V.M. On the rate of deuterium penetration into plant tissue, [with English summary in insert] Biokhiniia, 21 no.1:50-52 Ja-F *56. (MEMA 9:7) 1. Institut geokhinii i analiticheskoy khinii Akademii nauk SSSR, Moskva. (DEUTERIUM) (PLANTS—ASSIMILATION)

RCTYUZHINSKIY, G.

YUSHKIN, N.; HOVIKOV, M.; VYSTAVKIN, A.; KOTYUZHIMSKIY, G.

Shortened workday and new wage terms in ferrous metallurgy. Sots. trud no.12:103-118 D 157. (MIRA 11:1)

l. Nachal'nik otdela organizatsii truda stalingradskogo metallurgicheskogo zavoda "Krasnyy Oktyabr'" (for Yushkin). 2. Nachal'nik
otdela organizatsii truda Nizhne-Tagil'skogo metallurgicheskogo
kombinata (for Novikov). 3. Nachal'nik otdela truda i zarabotnoy
platy moskovskogo zavoda "Serp i molot" (for Vystavkin). 4. Zamestitel' nachal'nika otdela truda i zarobotnoy platy Upravleniya
chernoy metallurgii Chelyabinskogo sovnarkhoza (for Kotyuzhinskiy).

(Steel industry)

MALIN, G.; MEYERSON, Z.; RATNER, A.; BOZHKO, M., inzh.-ekonomist; KOTYUZHINSKIY, G.

Creating conditions for growth in hourly output. Sots. trud no.8: 97-109 Ag 158. (MIRA 11:9)

l.Direktor zavoda imeni Komsomol'skoy pravdy" (for Malin). 2. Nachal'nik otdela truda i zarabotnoy platy zavoda im. Komsomol'skoy
pravdy" (for Meyerson). 3. Nachal'nik otdela truda i zarabotnoy
platy Okhtenskogo khimicheskogo kombinata (for Ratner). 4.Zamestitel' nachal'nika otdela truda i zarabotnoy platy Upravleniya metallurgicheskoy promyshlennosti Chelyabinskogo sovnarkhoza (for Kotyuzhinskiy).

(Labor productivity)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000825420013-6

KOTYUZHINSKIY, G.

Instructive practice of Magnitogorsk steelworkers. Sots. trud.7 no.11: 59-61 N '62. (MIRA 15:12)

l. Zamestitel' nachal'nika otdela truda i zarabotnoy platy Upravleniya metallurgicheskoy promyshlennosti Chelyabinskogo soveta narodnogo khozyzystva.

(Magnitogorsk—Steel industry Labor productivity)

ACCESSION NR: AT4041985

8/2582/64/000/011/0123/0129

AUTHOR: Kotyuzhanskiy, G.A., Sholom, M.M., Epshteyn, V.L.

TITLE: An algorithm for selecting symbols of high probability in a system having

limited storage capacity

SOURCE: Problemy* kibernetiki, no. 11, 1964, 123-129

TOPIC TAGS: computer programming, medical diagnosis, machine translation, symbol selection, storage capacity, memory sparing

ABSTRACT: An algorithm is derived which could be useful in solving a wide range of problems such as: 1. automatic translation using an author's dictionary, each word being subjected to the selection algorithm which selects the most frequently used words and reinforces them in the operational memory; and 2. medical diagnosis, in which all possible combinations of symptoms and diseases are sorted to eliminate unlikely combinations, the most probable diagnosis being obtained from the relative probabilities of the various disease-complexes with respect to the symptom-complexes, also depending on the season, occurrence of an epidemic, whether the patient was already undergoing treatment, etc. Generalization requires a source generating symbols in a certain alphabet, not more than 'm' symbols being stored for technical reasons, and an algorithm allowing storage of the Cord 1/2

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ACCESSION NR: AT4041985

'm' most probable symbols (the nucleus) from a number k >> m. The symbols fed to the computer are more numerous than the number of addresses which can be stored. It is therefore required to replace the less frequent by the more frequent symbols if the former enter ahead of the latter. This calls for the notion of a threshold number, determining the resolving power of the algorithm, criteria for raising and lowering the threshold and logical criteria for relative probability. The paper discusses these requirements, and the algorithm is reduced to a working scheme, after which a program is written consisting of three separate, but interdependent parts, the first modulating the information source, the second calculating absolute and relative frequencies for symbols entering from the source and the third carrying out the selection algorithm. An example is given of analysis of the statistical structure of a literary text. The method was suggested by A. A. Lyapunov, and acknowledgement is given to M. M. Bongard for his valuable comments. Orig. art. has: 3 figures and 6 equations.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 19Feb62

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: DP

NO REF SOV: 002

OTHER: 001

KOTYUZHINSKIY, Georgiy Valerianovich

[Planning and accounting for labor in ferrous metallurgy enterprises] Planirovanie i uchet truda na predpriiatiiakh chernoi metallurgii. Moskva, Metallurgiia, 1965. 188 p.
(MIRA 18:6)

KOTYZA, E.

Relation of paramasal simusitis to generalized diseases. Cas. lek. cesk. 97 no.8:260-264 21 Feb 58.

1. Klinika nemoci usnich, nosnicha kronich lekarske fakulty v Plzni, prednosta prof. F. Kotyza.

(SINUSITIS, compl.

(Cz))

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000825420013-6

MCTYMA, 7.

"Problems and results of femonications in obsolerowis." p. 390. (Charles Property, vol. 92, pr. 15, Apr. 1755, Fraha.)

SC: Nonthly List of East European Acceptions, Vol. 2, 730 Library of Congress October 1750, Uncl.

KOTYZA, F., Prof. Dr

Antique control of our work, Cesk, otolar. 3 no.2:53-60 My 154.

1. Prednosta Cs. otolar. spolecnosti.
(OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGY,

*in Csech.)

KOTYZA, F., prof. Dr.

Importance of the Pavlovian teaching for otorhinolaryngology. Prakt. lek., Praha 34 no.18:428-431 20 Sept 54.

1. Z kliniky nemoci usnich, nosnich a krenich v Plzni, Prednosta:
Prof. Dr. F.Koryza
(OTORHINOLARYNGOLOGY
Pavlovian theory in)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000825420013-6

KOTYZA, F.; SOUSTEK, Z.

Problem of chromaffin paragangliona (chemodectoma) of the temporal bone. Cesk. otolar. 5 no.4:224-231 Aug 56.

- 1. Z kliniky nemoci usnich, nosnich a krenich (predn. prof. Dr.
- F. Kotyza) a z pathologicko-anatomickeho ustavu (predn. prof. dr.
- J. Vanek) lekarske fakulty KU, pob. v Plani. (PARAGANGLIOMA,

temporal bone (Cz))
(TEMPORAL BONE, neoplasms,
paraganglioma (Cz))

KOTYZA, F. 60th anniversary of Prof. Jan Hybasek, MD. Cesk. otolar. 7 no.6:321-326 Dec.58. 1. Otolaryngol. klinika, Plzen. (BIOGRAPHIES, Hybasek, Jan, biobibliog. (Cz))

KOTYZA, F.

Ensuring a permanent communication between the frontal & nasal simuses. Cesk. otolar. 8 no.3:151-154 June 59.

1. Klinika nemoci usnich, nosnich a kronich lekarske fakulty v Plzni, prednosta prof. dr. F. Kotyza. F.K., CRL klinika lek. fak., Plzen.

(FRONTAL SINUS, surg.

permanent communication between frontal & paranasal sinuses. technics (Cz))

(PARANASAL SINUSES, surg.

same)

KOTYZA, F.

Chronic foreign bodies of the paramasal sinuses. Cesk. otolar. 8 no.5:269-277 0 159.

1. Klinika nemoci usnich, nosnich a krenich lekarske fakulty v Plzni, prednosta prof.dr. F. Kotyza. (PARANASAL SINUSES for.bodies)

KOTYZA,F.

Occupational ear diseases. Cesk. otolar. 9 no.4:244-254 Ag 160.

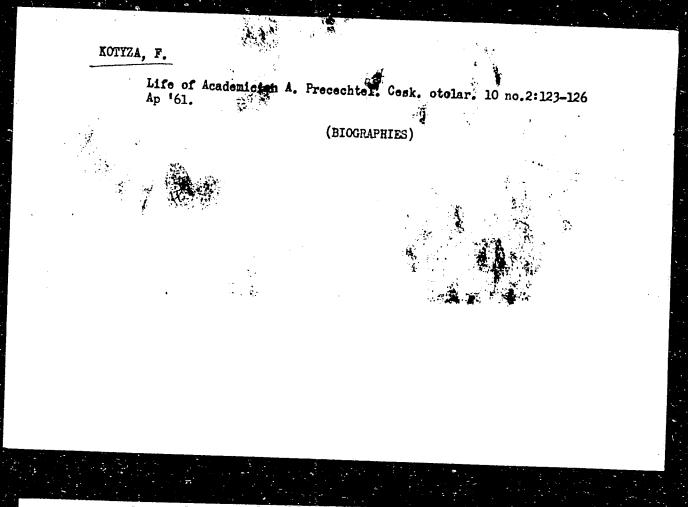
1. Klinika nemoci usnich, nosnich a kronich lekarske fakulty University Karlovy v Plani. (EAR dis.) (OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES)

KOTYZA, F.; MENSIKOVA, Z.

Acute otitis media accompanied by severe intracranial vascular complications. Cesk.otolar.9 no.5:303-309 0'60.

1. Klinika nemoci usnich, nosnich a kronich, prednosta prof.dr. F. Kotyza. Heurologicka klinika fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi v Plani, prednosta prof.dr. V. Pitha. (OTITIS MEDIA compl)

(CEREBRAL EMBOLISM AND THROMBOSIS etiol)



KOTYZA, Frantisek

On the problem of covering fistula of the labyrinth. Cesk. otolar. 10 no.4:213-218 Ag 161.

1. Klinika nemoci usnich, nosnich a krcnich lekarske fakulty Karlovy university se sidlem v Plzni, prednosta prof. dr. Frantisek Kotysa.

(LABYRINTH diseases (FISTULA surgery)
(SKIN TRANSPLANTATION)

KOTYZA, Frantisek; SCHMIDOVA, Anna

Surgical intervention in the mose and paranasal sinuses in allergic states. Cesk. otolar. 10 no.6:336-340 D 161.

1. Klinika nemoci usnich, nosnich a krcnich lekarske fakulty University Karlovy v Plzni, prednosta prof. dr. Frantisek Kotyza.

(ALLERGY surgery) (NASAL POLYPS surgery)
(SINUSITIS surgery) (RHINITIS surgery)

KOTYZA, F. (Pilzno)

Experimental auditory fatigue before and after tympanoplasty. Otolaryng. Pol. 16 no.la:249 62.

(HEARING) (OTITIS MEDIA surg)

KOTYZA, Frantisek; SAMAN, Karel

Contribution to the problem of nonspecific inflammation (so-called inflammatory pseudotumor of of the orbit). Cesk. otolaryng. 11 no.2:104-108 Ap '62.

1. Klinika nemoci usnich, nosnich a krenich lekarske fakulty University Karlovy v Pizni, prednosta prof. dr. Fr. Kotyza Klinika nemoci ocnich lekarske fakulty University Karlovy v Pizni, prednosta prof. dr. R. Knobloch.

(ORBIT diseases)

KOFYZA, F.

Improved hearing in patients with chronic otitis media. Acta univ. carol. [Med] Suppl. 15:177-185 '61.

1. Klinika nemoci usnich, nosnich a krenich lekarske fakulty University Karlovy se sidlom v Plzni, prednosta prof. dr. F. Kotyza.

(OTITIS MEDIA ther)

KOTYZA, Frantisek

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

Prof. MUDr.
Director of:
Clinic of Ear, Nose, and Throat Diseases of the Medical
Faculty of KU (Karlova Universita - Charles University),
Plzen;

Prague, Pratticky Lekar, No. 19, 1962, pp 827-831

"Acute and Chronic (Non-Specific) Inflammations of Nose, Paranasal Cavities, and Nose-Throat Cavity from the Viewpoint of Labor-Medicinal Diagnostics"

KOTYZA, Frantisek

Importance of block neck resection in the surgical treatment of carcinoma of the larynx. Acta Univ. Carol. [med.] (Praha) 9 no.6:507-522 *63

1. Klinika nemoci usnich, nosnich a krcnich lekarske fakulty University Karlovy v Plzni; prednosta: prof. dr. Fr. Kotyza.

KOTYZA, F.; SPRINGER, V.

On the function of the fenestra rotunda, Cesk. otolaryng. 12 no.3:149-160 Je '63.

l. Klinika nemoci usnich, nosnich a krcnich lek. fak. KU v Plzni, prednosta prof. dr. F. Kotysa. Ustav patologicke fyziologie lek. fak. KU v Plzni, prednosta doc. dr. J. Myslivecek, DrSc.

(EAR, MIDDLE)

KOTYZA,F.

Clinical use of the fenestra rotunda function test for improvement of hearing in tympanoplastic operations. Cesk. otolaryng. 13 no.1:1-12 F.64.

1. Klinika nemoci usnich, nosnich a krcnich lekarske fakulty KU z Plzni; prednosta: prof. dr. F.Kotyza.

¥

KOTYZA, F.

Pain in chronic middle ear inflammations. Cesk. otolaryng. 13 no.2:87-92 Ap '64.

1. Klinika nemoci usnich, nosnich a kronich lekarske fd ulty KU [Karlova Universita] v Plzni (prednosta prof. dr. Fr. Kotyza).

KOTYZA, F.

Our experiences with obliterating operations of the mastoid process. Cesk. otolaryng. 13 no.5;291-295 0 '64.

1. Klinika nemoci usnich, nosnich a kronich lekarske fakulty Karlovy university v Plzni, (prednosta prof. dr. E. Kotyza).

KOTYZA, Frantisek

Conservative treatment of chronic otitis media and the postoperative condition. Plzen. lek. sborn. 23:51-61 164

1. Klinika nemoci usnich, nosnich a krcnich lekarske fakulty University Karlovy se sidlem v Plzni (prednosta: prof. dr. F. Kotyza). Submitted June 19, 1963.

KOTYZA, F.

Contribution to so-called tri-fenestral hearing. Cesk. otolaryng. 14 no.4:230-233 Ag '65.

1. Klinika nemoci usnich, nosnich a krcnich lekarske fakulty Karlovy University v Plzni (prednosta prof. dr. F. Kotyza).

KOTYZA, K.

Facial neurinoma in the temporal bone. Cesk. otolar. 7 no.5:292-301 Oct 58.

1. Klinika nemoci usnich, nosnich a kronich lekarske fakulty v Plapi, prednosta prof. Dr. Frantisek Kotyza.

(NEURINOMA, in inf. & child, facial nerve, in temporal bone (Cz))
(NERVES, FACIAL, neoplasms, neurinoma in temporal bone in child (Cz))
(TEMPORAL BONE, neoplasms, neurinoma of facial nerve in child (Cz))

CZEZOWSKA, Zofia; GARBINSKI, Tadeusz; KOTZ, Jerzy

Experimental tuberculosis in passively sensitized guinea piga.

Arch.immun.ter.dosw. 7 no.4:699-723 159.

(TUBERCULOSIS immunol.)

0n the 52 '60	e problem of to	onsil tumors in do	gs. Pat polska	11 no.1:43-
lZ F Kierom	Tatedry Anatomic mik: Prof. dr (TONSIIS neop (DOG dis.)	ii Patologicznej W Aleksander Zakrze ol.)	ydz. Wetl WSR w wski.	e Wroclawiu.
·				
		•		

BELOWSKI, Henryk; KOTZ, Jerzy; SZYDLOWSKI, Zygmunt

Sensitivity of the intestinal mucosa to hydrochloric acid in dogs. Polski praegl. chir. 32 no.11:1059-1066 '60.

1. Z I Kliniki Chirurgicznej A.M. we Wroclawiu Kierownik: prof. dr K. Czyzewski z Katedry Anatomii Patologicznej W.S.R. we Wroclawiu Kierownik: prof. dr A. Zakrzewski.

(INTESTINE physical) (HYDROCHLORIC ACID)

EXITY, J.; MICHALSKA, Z. (Wroclaw)

Blastomycosis of muscles in horses. Rocz nauk roln wet 70 no.1/4:
298 '60. (EEAI 10:9)

(Horses) (Blastomycosis) (Muscles)

KOTZ, Jerzy

Ovarian tumor in a hare. Pat. polska 12 no.2:217-224 '61.

1. Z Katedry Anatomii Patelogicznej Wydz. Wet. WSR we Wroclawiu Kierownik: prof.~A.~Zakrzewski.

(OVARIES neop1)

POLAND

MUBLEN, Menon and KOTZ, Jorzy, Chair of Pharmacology (Kated-ra Parmakologii) (Director: Decent, Dr. Tadeusz GARBULINSKI) and Chair of Pathological Anatomy (Katedra Anatomii Patologicanoj) (Director: Prof. Dr. Aleksander ZAKRZEWSKI), both of Voterinary Faculty (Wydzial Weterynaryjny), WSR [Wyzsza Szkola Rolnicza, Higher School of Agriculture] in Wroclaw "Esperimental Poisoning of Dogs with Alphanaphthylthiourea."

Warsaw-Lublin, Medycyna Woterynaryjna, Vol 19, No 8, Aug 63; pp \$28-\$30

Authors decaribe the details of their study on the effects of alacaphthyl thicurea poisoning by administration of alphantine to dogs, and describe the clinical symptoms and post-mortem lesions observed. Contrary to other authors, they found no lowering of the temperature, and consider the PM picture so characteristic as to suffice for diagnosis without any additional examinations. There are 13 references: one each Soviet and Czech, 2 German, 3 Western, and 6 Polish.

1/1 * Dr.

APPROMED FOR RELEASE; 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000825420013-6

Experimental silicosis. Gruzlica 32 no.8:665-670 hg 164.

1. Z Kliniki Gruzlicy / kudemii Medycznej we Wrocławiu (p.c. Kierownik: dr. med. K. Sosnowski) i z Katedry Anatomii Patelogicznej Wyzszej Szkoly Rolniczej we Wrocławiu (Kierownik: prof. dr. A. Zakrzewski).

DERUBSKA, Barbara; KOTZ, Jerzy

Studies on a roiel of experimental silicosis after intraperitoneal injection of SiO₂ in guinea pigs. Arch. immun. ther. exp. 12 no.3: 379-387 164.

1. Clinic of Tuberculosis, School of Medicine, Wroclaw; Chair of Pathological Anatomy, School of Agriculture, Wroclaw.

L 29765-66 AP6020896 ACC NRI (A) SOURCE CODE: PO/00/11/65/000/008/0458/0460 AUTHOR: Bubien, Zenon -- Buben', Z. (Doctor; Wroclaw); Kotz, Jerzy--Kotts, Ye. ORG: Department of Pharmacology/headed by Docent, Dr. Tadeusz Garbulinski/, Veterinary College, WSR, Wroclaw (Katedra Farmakologii Wydz. Wet. WSR); Institute of Toxicology/headed by Docent, Dr. Michal Bohosiewicz/(Zaklad Toksykologii); Department of Pathologic Anatomy/headed by Professor, Dr. Aleksander Zakrzavski/, Veterinary College, WSR, Wroclaw (Katedra anatomii Patologicznej Wydz. Wet. WSR) TITIE: Intoxication of domestic animals with corn cockle seeds SOURCE: Medycyna weterynaryjna, no. 8, 1965, 458-460 TOPIC TAGS: commercial animal, poison effect, toxicology, veterinary medicine ABSTRACT: During 1951 to 1963, there were recorded 30 cases of poisoning in domestic animals ascribed to the saponins and sapotoxins contained in corn cockle (Agrostemma githago): 18 in pigs (121 fatalities), 8 in poultry (142 hens, 25 geese, 24 ducks died), 1 in horses (5 fatal cases), 2 in cattle (4), 1 in silver foxes (2). Symptoms, causes and treatment are detailed and discussed. [Based on authors' Eng. abstract] [JPRS] SUB CODE: 06, 02 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 007 / OTH REF: 011 SOV REF: 001 Card 1/1 (C)

ACC NR: AP6026208 (A) SOURCE CODE: PO/CO71/65/OCO/CO9/O520/O521,

AUTHOR: Kotz, Jerzy--Kotz, Ya. (Doctor; Wroclaw)

ORG: Department of Pathological Anatomy/headed by Professor, Doctor Aleksander Zakrzewski/, Veterinary Faculty, College of Agriculture, Wroclaw (Katedra Anatomii Patologicznej Wydzialu Wet. WSR)

TITLE: Morphology and pathogenesis of corn-cockle poisoning in fowl. Part 3.

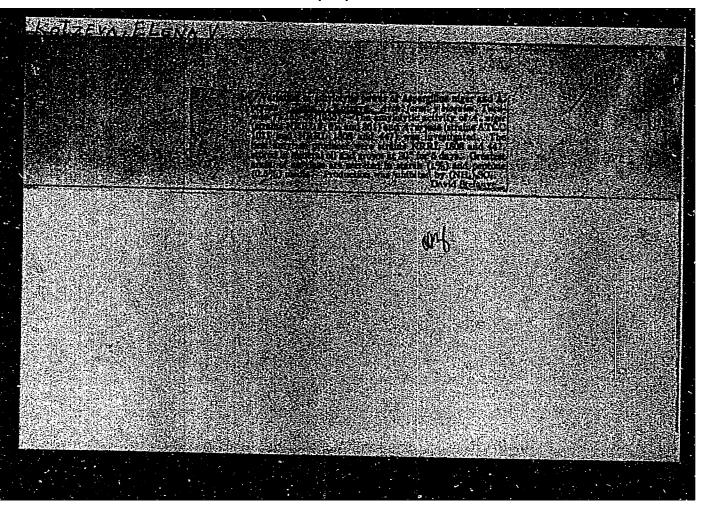
Personal observations

SOURCE: Medycyna weterynaryjna, no. 9, 1965, 520-524

TOPIC TAGS: poison effect, commercial animal. morphology. pathogenesis

ABSTRACT: Very comprehensive description of changes in organs of poultry poisoned with cockle corn (agrostemma). Four photographs of viscera; 16 photomicrographs.

SUB CODE: 06, 02 / SUEM DATE: none

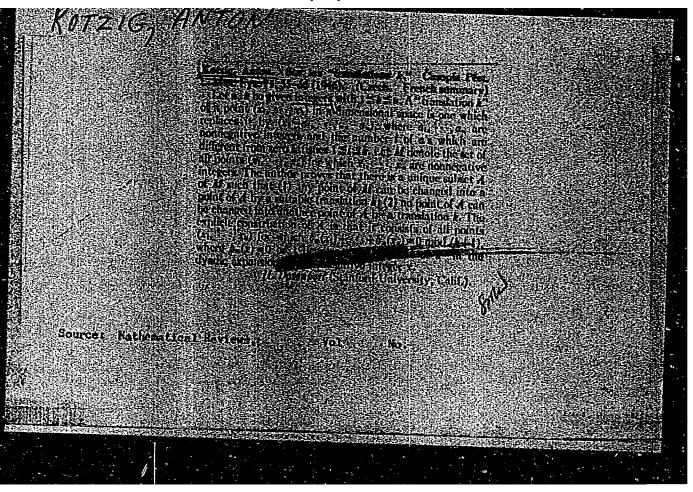


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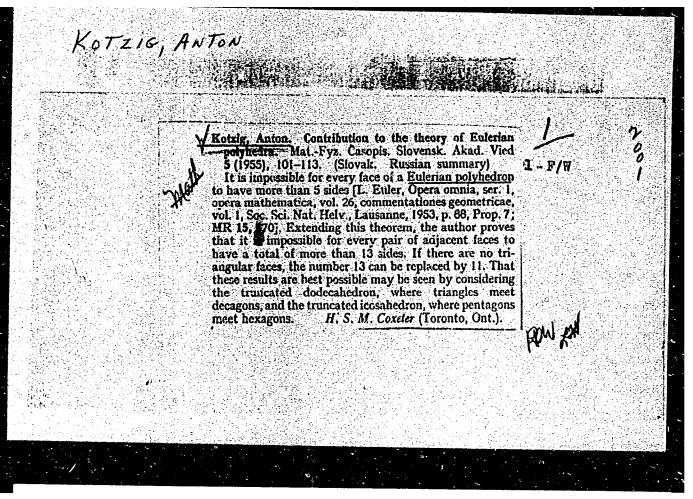
**KOTHAN, K.

"The country elects!" p. 13. (MAGYAR RADIO, Vol. 9. no. 19, Nay 1953. Budapest.)

SG: Monthly List of East European Accessions, Vol. 2, #8, Library of Congress August, 1963, Uncl.



KOTZIG, A.
"Certain Combinatorial Problems." p. 3. (Matematicko-Fyzikalny Sbornik. Vol. 2, no. 3/4, 1952. Bratislava).
Moral M
SO: Monthly List of Anskitch Accessions, Library of Congress, June 1958, Uncl.

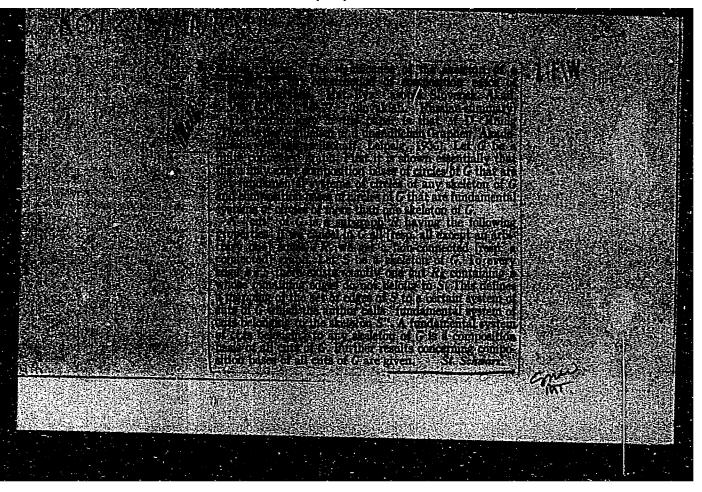


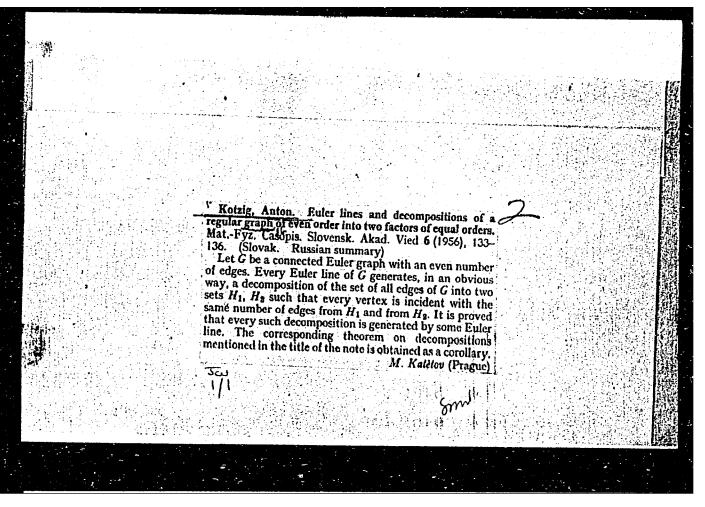
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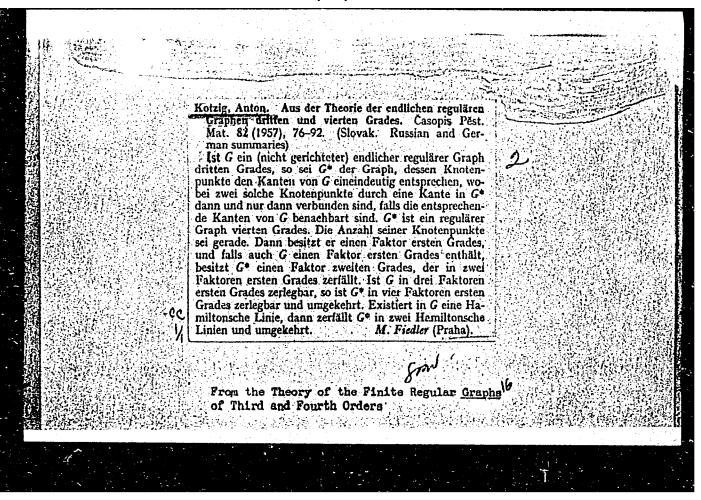




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23 B

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TITIE: Even regular graphs of the third degree

SCURCE: Matematicko-fyzikalny casopis, no. 1, 1966, 72-75

TOPIC TAGS: graph theory, isomorphism, construction, mathematic transformation

ABSTRACT: The paper presents a proof that any even regular graph of the third degree can be constructed from a graph each component of which is isomorphic to Kuratowski's graph of the third degree by repetitions of a special kind of transformation ("extension"). Orig. art. in Eng. [JPRS: 36.845]

SUB CODE: 12 / SUBM DATE: 06Mar65 / OTH REF: 003

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